



Section 1. Product and Company Identification

Product Identifier J42 - Tempest

Product Use Description: Dark Red liquid with spice odor for use as a concentrated degreaser in automotive applications

Manufacturer or suppliers' details

P & S Sales, Inc
20943 Cabot Blvd.
Hayward CA 94545

Emergency Number: 800-255-3924
Customer Service: 510-732-2628
Business Fax: 510-732-2632

Section 2. Hazards Identification

GHS Classification

Eye Damage : Category 1

Skin Corrosion/Irritation : Category 1A

Acute toxicity (oral) : Category 4

Hazardous to Aquatic Environment : Category 4

GHS Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms



Hazard Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Harmful if swallowed
Causes serious eye damage
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
Harmful to aquatic life

Precautionary Statements

- P352: Wash with soap and water
- P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
- P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing
- P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
- P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
- P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
- P391: Collect spillage
- P501: Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

3. Composition Information on Ingredients



CAS Number	Wt %	Component Name
6834-92-0	3-7%	Sodium Metasilicate
34398-01-1	5-10%	Undeceth-7
14960-06-6	3-5%	Sodium lauriminodipropionate
1310-73-2	1-2%	Sodium Hydroxide

Amounts specified are typical and do not represent a specification. Remaining components are proprietary, non-hazardous, and/or present at amounts below reportable limits.

4. First Aid Measures

IN CASE OF CONTACT, immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated shoes that can not be decontaminated.

IF SWALLOWED, do NOT induce vomiting. Give water to drink. Get medical attention immediately. NEVER GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON.

IF INHALED, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

IN CASE OF EYE CONTACT - Rinse with plenty of water. Get medical attention immediately. Continue to rinse during transport of patient. Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye. Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Specific hazards during fire fighting / Specific hazards arising from the chemical : Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Combustion products : Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Halogenated compounds Hydrogen chloride

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

Further information : Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.



6. Accidental Release Measures

Stop the leak, if possible. Ventilate the space involved.
Contain, vacuum up, place in container for disposal.
Prevent waterway contamination. Construct a dike to prevent spreading.
Collect run-off and transfer to drums or tanks for later disposal.
Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits.

7. Handling and Storage

Do not get in eyes, or skin or on clothing. Do not breathe mist. Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not taste or swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Wear personal protective as described in personal protection section (8).

Storage: Do NOT store near strong acids.

8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

6834-92-0	Sodium Metasilicate	15 mg/m ³ total dust (OSHA TWA)
		5 mg/m ³ respirable fraction
34398-01-1	Undeceth-7	None Listed
14960-06-6	Sodium lauriminodipropionate	None Listed
1310-73-2	Sodium Hydroxide	2 mg/M ³ ACGIH (Ceiling)
		2 mg/M ³ OSHA PEL (TWA) (Ceiling)

Investigate engineering techniques to reduce exposures below airborne exposure limits. Provide ventilation if necessary to control exposure levels below airborne exposure limits (see below). Dilution ventilation acceptable, but local mechanical exhaust ventilation preferred, if practical, at sources of air contamination such as open process equipment. Consult ACGIH ventilation manual or NFPA Standard 91 for design of exhaust systems. Monitor carbon monoxide and oxygen levels in tank and enclosed spaces.

Eye/ Face Protection:

Where there is potential for eye contact, wear chemical goggles, and have eye- flushing equipment immediately available.

Skin Protection:

Natural rubber or Polyvinyl chloride gloves should be worn when handling this material. Wear chemical goggles and chemical resistant clothing such as a rubber apron when splashing may occur. Rinse immediately if skin is contaminated. Remove contaminated clothing promptly and wash before reuse. Clean protective equipment before reuse. Provide a safety shower at any location where skin contact can occur. Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory Protection:

Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use NIOSH approved respiratory protection equipment appropriate to the material and/ or its components when airborne exposure limits are exceeded (see below). Consult respirator manufacturer to determine appropriate type equipment for given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by NIOSH or the manufacturer. For emergency and other conditions where exposure limit may be significantly exceeded, use an approved full-face positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure airline with auxiliary self-contained air supply.



Respiratory protection programs must comply with 29 CFR & 1910.134
Other Protective Equipment: Rubber boots, Rubber suit or Apron, Chemical resistant protective clothing.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Flash Point N/A	Upper Flamability Limit N/A	
Auto Ignition N/A	Lower Flamability Limit N/A	
Physical State Liquid	Color Dark Red	Vapor Press 1.6 mm/Hg @20C
pH 11	Specific Gravity 1.109	Viscosity thin
Vapor Density (Air=1) N/A	Melting Point °F 28	Odor Low
Water Solubility complete	VOC Content 0.0 lb/Gal	

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability Stable

Hazardous Polymerization Not Expected to Occur

Conditions to Avoid Avoid strong acids, metals and organic material such as chlorinated hydrocarbons.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Explosive hydrogen gas can be liberated on contact with metals, such as zinc, tin or aluminum. Hydrogen gas can result in explosive hazards in confined spaces.

11. Toxicological Information

This material is expected to be severely irritating to eyes. This material may be corrosive to all tissues depending on concentration and length of exposure.

12. Ecological Information

There is limited information available on the environmental fate of this material. This material is alkaline and may raise the pH of surface waters. The organic portions of the cleaner are biodegradable but are not allowed in surface waters.

Toxicity to fish - Components Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), a-undecyl-w- hydroxy-
LC50 (96 h) : 1 - 10 mg/l Species : Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas).
EC50 (48 h) : 1 - 10 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna.

13. Disposal Considerations

Consult with environmental engineer or professional to determine if neutralization is appropriate and for handling procedures for residual material. Note: Chemical additions to, processing of, or otherwise altering this material may make this waste management information incomplete, inaccurate, or otherwise inappropriate. Furthermore, state and local waste disposal requirements may be more restrictive or otherwise different from federal laws and regulation.



14. Transportation Information

Domestic Ground Shipments less than 1.3 gallon

This product is not considered a Corrosive Hazard, excepted 173.154 (b)(2)

International Shipments and Shipment by Air, packages over 1.3 gallon
UN1760, Corrosive Liquid, n.o.s. (Sodium Hydroxide), 8, PGIII

Reportable Quantity: 1,000 lb - Trucks, Corrosive Placards

15. Regulatory Information

OSHA Hazards : Severe eye irritant

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know

CERCLA Reportable Quantity - This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute Health Hazard

SARA 302: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

California Prop. 65 : This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth, or any other reproductive defects.

16. Other Information

Revision Date 1/25/2021

The information and recommendations are offered for the user's consideration and examination, and it is the user's responsibility to satisfy itself that they are suitable and complete for its particular use. If buyer repackages this product, legal counsel should be consulted to insure proper health, safety and other necessary information is included on the container.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ACGIH American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists

LD50 Lethal Dose 50%

AICS Australia, Inventory of Chemical Substances

LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level



DSL Canada, Domestic Sub- stances List
NFPA National Fire Protection Agency
NDSL Canada, Non-Domestic Sub- stances List
NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health
CNS Central Nervous System
NTP National Toxicology Program
CAS Chemical Abstract Service
NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
EC50 Effective Concentration
NOAEL No Observable Adverse Effect Level
EC50 Effective Concentration 50%
NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration
EGEST EOSCA Generic Exposure Scenario Tool
OSHA Occupational Safety & Health Administration
EOSCA European Oilfield Specialty Chemicals Association
PEL Permissible Exposure Limit
EINECS European Inventory of Exist- ing Chemical Substances
PICCS Philipines Inventory of Commercial Chemical Substances
MAK Germany Maximum Concentration Values
PRNT Presumed Not Toxic
GHS Globally Harmonized System
RCRA Resource Conservation Recovery Act
>= Greater Than or Equal To
STEL Short-term Exposure Limit
IC50 Inhibition Concentration 50%
SARA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.
IARC International Agency for Re- search on Cancer
TLV Threshold Limit Value
IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China
TWA Time Weighted Average
ENCS Japan, Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Sub- stances
TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act
KECI Korea, Existing Chemical Inventory
UVCB Unknown or Variable Composition, Complex Reaction Products, and Biological Materials
<= Less Than or Equal To
WHMIS Workplace Hazardous Materials In- formation System
LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%